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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE / PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE #HEALTH SERVICES AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

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EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS MALARIA - Arkansas

On Oct. 5, 1971, a 22-year-old man in Arkansas experienced headache, nausea, vomiting, weakness, chills, and fever. His symptoms abated the following day, but on October 7, he had sudden onset of excruciating low-back pain and was hospitalized.

On admission, the patient was dyspneic, cold, cyanotic, and had no discernible pulse or blood pressure. Blood count included hemoglobin 10.9 gm%, hematocrit 33, white blood cells 7,300/mm³ with normal differential. Resuscitation efforts were unsuccessful, and he died 30 minutes after admission.

Postmortem examination revealed massive hemoperitoneum (2,000 cc) secondary to spontaneous rupture of the spleen. The spleen was enlarged (weighing approximately 250 grams) and showed extensive subcapsular hemorrhage. Micro-

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scopically, there was congestion and malaria pigment. The liver was slightly enlarged but otherwise unremarkable. Postmortem peripheral blood smears demonstrated Plasmodium vivax parasites.

Epidemiologic investigation revealed that the patient had served in Vietnam for approximately 1 year and returned to the United States in September 1970. He had had several

TABLE I. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

	17th WEE	K ENDING	MEDIAN	CUMULA	TIVE, FIRST 17	WEEKS
DISEASE	April 29, 1972	May 1, 1971	1967-1971	1972	1971	MEDIAN 1967-1971
Aseptic meningitis	28	39	33	549	793	490
Brucellosis	6	2	8	42	42	46
Chickenpox	4,941			69,567		
Diphtheria	4	1	2	37	61	61
Encephalitis, primary:					4 / 5 5	DALL STORY
Arthropod-borne and unspecified	23	32	24	272	368	334
Encephalitis, post-infectious	7	8	13	90	102	148
Hepatitis, serum (Hepatitis B)	176	191	109	3,141	2,814	1,710
Hepatitis, infectious (Hepatitis A)	1,084	1,304	915	18,742	20,502	15,695
Malaria	14	47	47	448	1,225	800
Measles (rubeola)	1,186	4,003	1,786	15,007	40,997	22,076
Meningococcal infections, total	23	73	48	575	1,152	1,157
Civilian	22	69	40	549	985	1,036
Military	1	4	4	26	167	123
	2,339	4,036		36,306	63,040	
Mumps	1,277	1,862	1,965	12,742	22,779	23,353
Tetanus		2	1 1	24	24	35
Tuberculosis, new active	700			10,579		
Tularemia	2	_	2	35	30	30
Typhoid fever	4	5	7	82	79	78
Typhus, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. spotted fever) Vanaraal Disasses: †		3	3	21	11	8
Gonorrhea	13,178	11,783		219,546	198,382	
Syphilis, primary and secondary	534	436		7,711	7,685	
Rabies in animals	94	99	76	1,443	1,541	1,319

TABLE II. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax: ,	11.57	Poliomyelitis, total:	5
Botulism:	-	Paralytic:	5
Congenital rubella syndrome: Calif1, Colo1	15	Psittacosis: Ill1	
Leprosy: Calif1, Hawaii-3	36	Rabies in man:	1
Leptospirosis: Miss,-1, Mo1	4	Trichinosis: N.J1	
Plague:	1	Typhus, murine:	5

MALARIA - Continued

attacks of malaria while in Vietnam and did not take the prescribed malaria chemoprophylaxis after his return to the United States. Beginning in November 1970, he suffered recurrent attacks of nausea, vomiting, chills, and fever; however, the cause of these attacks was never determined. He was usually treated with antibiotics, although he received amodiaquinine on one occasion because of the possibility of malaria. His last attack occurred in early September 1971 for which

he was hospitalized 8 days.

In the month prior to his death, he had apparently been in good health. Careful history indicated no undue straining or trauma to his abdomen.

(Reported by Annette V. Landrum, M.D., Director, Fort Smith Medical Laboratory, Fort Smith, Arkansas; John A. Harrel, Jr., M.D., Director of Communicable Diseases and Acting Director, Arkansas State Board of Health, Little Rock; and an EIS Officer.)

STAPHYLOCOCCAL FOOD POISONING - New York

On April 1, 1972, an outbreak of gastroenteritis occurred among 100 guests invited to celebrate a child's christening at a home in Orange County, New York. Thirty-seven people became ill 1½-6 hours after eating one or more of the 14 home-prepared foods. The predominant symptoms were nausea, vomiting, watery diarrhea, and hypotension. Three persons were hospitalized, and there were no deaths.

Food histories were obtained from 77 persons, and the results indicated fried rice as the source of infection. Thirty-seven out of 63 persons (59%) who ate the fried rice became ill, compared with 0 out of 14 who did not eat the rice. Cultures of the rice yielded coagulase positive *Staphylococcus aureus*; the organism was not phage typed. No stool speci-

mens were obtained.

The fried rice had been prepared 9-12 hours prior to serving, placed on the dining room table, and not returned to the refrigerator. Dishes were heated intermittently to keep the food warm. The food was prepared by the hostess (a physician) and three members of her family.

(Reported by Reuben Tizes, M.D., Commissioner of Health, Shirley Thornton, R.N., Director of Public Health Nursing, David B. Bechtle, Senior Public Health Sanitarian, Raymond G. Johanson, Public Health Sanitarian, Orange County Department of Health, Goshen, New York.)

INTERNATIONAL NOTES PASTEURELLA AND YERSINIA INFECTIONS — United Kingdom

The number of *Pasteurella* and *Yersinia* isolates reported in the United Kingdom in the last 5 years is shown in Table 1. The organism most commonly isolated was *Pasteurella multocida* (formerly *P. septica*), and it was usually recovered from wound infections following a dog or cat bite (Table 2). The organism forms part of the normal flora of the upper respiratory tract in many animals and is presumably inoculated directly into the wound. Scratches may also become infected, although less frequently. A few of the infections were from less common sources: three cases resulted from attacks by lions and one case resulted from a wolf bite. The two isolations of *P. pneumotropica* listed in Table 1 were also from infected bites — one caused by a dog and the other by a cat.

P. multocida was occasionally recovered from superficial leg ulcers, and in most instances, a cat or dog was kept in the patient's home. In 13 cases, the organism was apparently re-

Table 1
Number of Isolations of Pasteurella and Yersinia Organisms
United Kingdom – 1967-71

Year	r P. multo- cida ure		P. haemo- lytica	P. pneumo- tropica	Y. seudo- tuberculosis	Y. entero- colitica
1967	130	6	0	0	7	0
1968	116	19	0	5 m 1 m 1	10	0
1969	116	9	2	0	10	0
1970	112	12	2	1	4	1
1971	117	12	2	0	12	0
Total	591	- 58	- 6	2	43	1

sponsible for post-operative wound infections; most of the operations had involved the appendix or large intestine. *P. multocida* is rarely invasive in man and usually causes only local sepsis; however, one patient contracted cellulitis following a cat scratch and another contracted septic arthritis in the shoulder joint following a cat bite on the hand. In one adult and one 7-day-old infant, the organism caused meningitis, and there were also two reports of septicemia. One was in an infant with sickle cell anemia who had diarrhea and subsequently died; *Pasteurella* was cultured from the blood postmortem.

Pasteurella species were occasionally recovered from the respiratory tract (Table 3). Most of the isolates were from the sputum of patients with chronic lung disease, and there was little evidence that the bacteria were acting as pathogens. In two cases, however, P. multocida was recovered as the only organism in empyema pus and from a lung abscess in a third patient. It was also recovered from pus aspirated from two patients with sinusitis. All the P. ureae strains reported were isolated from sputum, usually from patients with chronic lung disease and with little evidence to suggest pathogenicity. It was recovered from antral pus in two patients, however, and this organism may also sometimes act as a secondary invader in the respiratory tract.

The classification of the gram-negative bacilli of the Pasteurella genus has recently been altered in accordance with an improved knowledge of the characteristics of the bacteria. P. pestis and P. pseudotuberculosis are now considered to fall into the genus Yersinia which also includes Y. enterocolitica.

South Carolina

Georgia

Florida

Table 2
Source of Non-Respiratory *Pasteurella multocida* Isolates
United Kingdom — 1967-71

Source	Number	Source	Number
Dog bite	271	Otitis media	2
Cat bite	113	Blood	2
Superficial ulcers	19	Pig bite	1
Post-operative		Wolf bite	1
wounds	13	Vaginitis	1
Wounds not		Urine	1
specified	13	Other	7
Cerebrospinal fluid	3		
Lion bite	3	Total	450

Y. pseudotuberculosis has been reported in 43 cases since 1967; all were diagnosed serologically, and in 27 of these patients, the diagnosis was confirmed by histology, skin test, or culture. All the patients had mesenteric adenitis except one who presented with erythema nodosum; most of the patients were between 6 and 17 years of age. Although Y.

Table 3

Pasteurella Isolates Recovered from Respiratory Tracts
United Kingdom – 1967-71

Year	P. multocida	P. ureae	P. haemolytica
1967	36	5	0
1968	44	19	1
1969	20	9	Deserted Head
1970	22	12	0
1971	19	11	0
Total	141	56	2

pseudotuberculosis infection is rarely diagnosed in Britain, it may be more common than these figures suggest, because the organism is not often looked for and other cases from which reports are not received are probably diagnosed histologically. (From notes based on reports to the Public Health Laboratory Service from Public Health and Hospital Laboratories in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland, published in the British Medical Journal, Jan. 29, 1972.)

SUMMARY OF REPORTED CASES OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS

CASES OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS: By Reporting Areas March 1972 and March 1971 - Provisional Data

Reporting Area	Ma	rch		ulative -March	Reporting Area	м	arch	Cumulative Jan. – March	
	1972	1971	1972	1972		1972	1971	1972	1971
NEW ENGLAND	79	71	220	171	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	123	91	335	252
Maine	2	2	5	4	Kentucky	25	32	50	81
New Hampshire	3	1	3	1 7	Tennessee	36	29	138	76
Vermont	3		3	i	Alabama	11	7	39	25
Massachusetts	40	33	114	83	Mississippi	51	23	106	70
Rhode Island	6	7	10	14	таманрр		23	100	70
Connecticut	25	28	85	68	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	267	363	771	1,018
connecticut	23	20	0,5	00	Arkansas	207	20	73	58
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	512	510	1,374	1,518	Louisiana	88	61	204	157
Upstate New York	41	34	111	115	Oklahoma	15	14	30	24
New York City	359	349	925	1,031	Texas	142	268	464	779
Pa. (Excl. Phila.)	18	15	46	43	iexas	142	200	464	1/9
Philadelphia	32	16	87	39	MOUNTAIN	51	37	118	131
New Jersey	62	96	205	290	Montana		37	1 1	131
The second of th	02	90	203	290	Idaho		- 2	1	17
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	236	218	680	640	Wyoming	2		5	1
Ohio	44	42	92	117	Colorado	8	5	12	11
Indiana	19	23	44	80	New Mexico	9	8	29	26
Downstate Illinois	17	16	45	36	Arizona	20	13	49	51
Chicago	82	76	271	208	Ulah				_
Michigan	71	53	219	177		6	1	7	6
Wisconsin	3	8	219	22	Nevada	6	10	14	36
Wisconsin	3	°	,	22	PACIFIC	206	227	042	3.00
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	26	42	71	126	Washington	306	337	843	785
Minnesota	1	6	6	18	Oregon	12	21	27	41
	8	2	10	2	California	288	3	11	5
lowa	10		38	79	Alaska	_	312	794	733
Missouri North Dakota		27	30	79		3	1	4	3
South Dakota	- 1	2		3	Hawaii	-	' '	7	3
	2	1 1	7 6	8	LIC TOTAL	0.453	0.444	5 053	
Nebraska	- 2 5	4	5 12	16	U.S. TOTAL	2,157	2,141	5,957	6,041
Kansas		4	12	16			-	_	+
SOUTH ATLANTIC	557	472	1,545	1,400	TERRITORIES	85	97	224	215
Delaware	8	5	16	9	Puerto Rico	76	94	203	207
Maryland	87	48	226	135	Virgin Islands	9	3	21	8
District of Columbia	72	50	199	147			7 1		
Virginia	37	42	103	97					Т
West Virginia	5	2	7	7					
North Carolina	55	29	138	109					

124

355

377

76

366

454

30

106

160

33

89

171

Note: Cumulative Totals include revised and delayed reports through previous months.

TABLE III. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDING APRIL 29, 1972 AND MAY 1, 1971 (17th WEEK)

	ASEPTIC		15-11			F	NCEPHALITI	S	Per I	IEPATITIS	
AREA	MENIN- GITIS	BRUCEL- LOSIS	POX	DIPHT	THERIA		including c. cases	Post In- fectious	Serum (HEPATITIS B)	Infec (HEPAT	
	1972	1972	1972	1972	Cum. 1972	1972	1971	1972	1972	1972	197
UNITED STATES	28	6	4,941	4	37	23	32	7	176	1,084	1,30
EW ENGLAND	1	1	648	17-	T	2	1	10	12	67	9
Maine .*	_	- "	32		- -	-	1	U SI	-	2	1
New Hampshire	100	- 15	-	-	-	-			- 1	7	
Vermont	1		2 245	_		1	_	_	3	42	3
Rhode Island	<u>.</u>		117	- I -					4	2	2
Connecticut			252	Sec State	-	1	_		5	10	2
IIDDLE ATLANTIC	500		466	ului=vii	To the	11111	12110	2	58	178	28
Upstate New York		- T	1		1	-	LOS LA	1	9	38	4
New York City	1		246	-	-		-		34	44	7
New Jersey	701/5	10 - L	NN	T Carl	-	-	1	_	6	54	7
Pennsylvania	- Y	\ -	219	***	-		12012	1 -	9	42	9
AST NORTH CENTRAL	2	N PUBLIC	2,121	Del apr	1	5	20	_	29	128	20
Ohio	1	1072	286	-	2	1	11	-	5	20	5
Indiana	-	-	85		-	1	2	_		8	
Illinois		-	292		-	1	3		8	33	6
Michigan	1	_	707 751		1_	2	4		14	62 5	1
EST NORTH CENTRAL	3	4	342	1	6	3	1	1	6	53	3
Minnesota		3	32 223		- I	1		_	2 2	18 6	
Missouri	3	325 B 350	41	CHEWES	1 3 (1 22)	2	ROYEL X	2010 DOM	3 8 2	9	
North Dakota	_	_	15	_	_	_	_	_	-	3	
South Dakota	_				6		11-11	77-79-1	77.151	4	
Nebraska		-	11	-	-			-	-	1	_
Kansas	1-04		20		- 53		1	1	2	12	
OUTH ATLANTIC	3	-	459	Pin-Hamil	6	6	2	51-	27	186	17
Delaware		-	12		T	-	-	-	4	5	
Maryland	n 7 3	2.5	36	100	7 - 11 (1		16 -	3	26	1
District of Columbia Virginia	5.4	S. J.	8 56	of the second	-	1	2	-	7	2 27	2
West Virginia .*			341	7	_		_			6	
North Carolina	-1		NN		_		10 - I		2	46	2
South Carolina		_	6	1 27	-	_		711-31		6	1
Georgia	_ 2		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2	4	- 14 E	-78F-	10	12 56	6
Tiorida	1				1 500			4 U - 1	10	30	pod
AST SOUTH CENTRAL	3		135	-	1	3	4	19.1- 3	6	57	3
Kentucky	2	-	107	-	-		-	-	1 1	17	T.
Alabama	1		NN 25	Long Wine	1	3			5	35	1
Mississippi	B náho	-	3	0	-19	1445- Y	2	T 90 = 111	e Lun	5	100
WEST SOLETH STATES	7				20				77.1	101	- 4
VEST SOUTH CENTRAL Arkansas		2	6	3	20		_	2	3	101	14
Louisiana			NN		4	1119		2		5 16	114
Oklahoma	1	2	1	-	-	-	_	10-10-		5	25 1
Texas	6		4	3	16	75-4		T - 1	3	75	11
OUNTAIN		_	153		2			1	6	84	8
Montana	11.		38		_				_	5	
Idaho		-	- 1		. Teles A	1 1		7 - 1	1	4	
Wyoming	1	_	5	-	12		<u></u> -	40 - 18	-	3	
Colorado	3 3 3		32	-		1.71			3	16	3
New Mexico	15.15.1	7	31	-	1			100 F 19	1	33	1
Utah			47	_			V III	7/1	1	13	1
Nevada	lebi a in	414				1-30			-	1	
	8		611		97			-1	20		
ACIFIC	1		611 597	730 D	11/2	1	3	1 -	29	230 14	24
Oregon			337	_	-		-	1	_	31	2
California	7	- 1		-	(Fig.)	3	3	- I	28	159	18
Alaska	_		14			1	1 2	-	1	20 6	
		17.5				in the second				U	
uam .*		- 11-	11			10.5			_	2	
uerto Rico		-	68	-	-	U 164 1	100/2			32	
irgin Islands			_	-	-			-	_	1	

*Delayed reports: Chickenpox: Me. 139, W. Va. 16, Guam 5 Hepatitis B: Me. 3, Wash. delete 1 Hepatitis A: Me. 5, Wash. 1, Guam 5

TABLE III. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDING APRIL 29, 1972 AND MAY 1, 1971 (17th WEEK) — Continued

HINKS - NASE	MAL	ARIA	ME	ASLES (Rub	eola)	MENINGO	COCCAL IN	NFECTIONS,	MUI	MPS	RUB	ELLA
AREA	1972	Cum.	1972	Cum	ulative	1972	Cum	ıulative	1972	Cum.	1972	Cum.
Delivery Date of the	1772	1972	1972	1972	1971		1972	1971	-	1972		1972
UNITED STATES	14	448	1,186	15,007	40,997	23	575	1,152	2,339	36,306	1,277	12,742
NEW ENGLAND	12	10	185	1,252 149	1,637 769	/ <u>-</u>	24	49	52 4	1,507 174	65	588 43
Maine	1 2	1		86	100	_		6		96	-	24
Vermont	-	-	16	38	62	-	-	19	- 21	76	-	18
Massachusetts *	1 2	5	43 63	221 217	156 33		13	2	21 19	406 276	54 5	304 48
Rhode Island	1 = 1	4	59	541	517	-	2	15	8	479	6	151
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	1	33	17	668	4,293	1	58	143	80	1,657	162	992
Upstate New York	5.5	7 5	5 7	75 134	286 2,502	1	15 13	38 24	NN 49	NN 746	2 11	147 116
New York City	1	10	5	434	486		16	37	4	541	132	586
Pennsylvania	190	11	-	25	1,019	-	14	44	27	370	17	143
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	4	45	403	5,642	8,019	1	74	116	626	10,133	250	3,385
Ohio Indiana		6	10 28	185 871	2,541 1,241	1020	26 10	32	75 11	1,479 701	6	215 416
Illinois	3	16	136	2,144	1,871	-	15	38	89	1,813	57	600
Michigan	1	20	114	1,039	765	1	20	32	154	1,726	114	775 1 370
Wisconsin	197	2	115	1,403	1,601	41	3	8	297	4,414	114	1,379
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	51	29	44	527	4,225	3	49	104	338	6,564	23	624
Minnesota	12	3	41	304	1,546	1	10	14	10 230	567 4,652	9	43 299
Missouri	= 1	8	2	137	1,469	2	15	40	74	312	4	88
North Dakota	-	1 4	_	36	1 49 1 85	11.		4 5	9	257 79	h-0	18
South Dakota	1 []	3	1	14	23	22	7	11	14	173		42
Kansas	1 30	7		18	816	-	14	23	-	524	6	123
SOUTH ATLANTIC	3	60	82	1,355	4,231	8	133	179	153	3,049	39	987
Delaware	15	<u> </u>	5 _	11	22 65	1	23	27	10	35 149	1 2	2 27
Maryland	11.5	1	1 -	-	4	_	4	7		4		1
Virginia	1 50	2	4	38	830	2	32	16	35	443	2	49 282
West Virginia	1 0	1 24	12	149 26	1,397	1	9 20	2 26	65 NN	1,622 NN	22	6
South Carolina	-	8	. 5	167	616	2	12	16	2	119	1174	36
Georgia	2	18	55	122 832	165 865	2	30	11 73	39	676	2 10	30 554
ALL Y	1	122	26	845	5,410	2	47	107	109	1,880	363	1,051
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	115	8	454	2,669	2	14	34	14	297	327	625
Tennessee		-	6	146	453	-	18	36	52	1,153	33	326
Alabama .*	-	3 4	7 5	108 137	969 1,319	1 1	9	15 15	41	343 87	- 3	24 76
Mississippi	100			34 . (3)	.T. TH					Ing/1		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	4	49	79	952 7	9,252	1	70	102	136 5	2,903 84	50	977 16
Louisiana . *		2	21	70	1,287	- =	19	34	18	150	1	54
Oklahoma	- =	2	2	8	652	4 7	6	6	1	108	-	14
Texas	4	42	56	867	6,709		38	58	112	2,561	49	893
MOUNTAIN		32	63	1,025	1,931	-	11	30	112	1,970	51	629
Montana	11.5	1 3	5	12	719 157	1 1	2 2	2 2	7 54	130	_	16
Wyoming			1	1	64	-	1	1	2	182	2	6
Colorado	-	21	15	338	538	-	2	5	9	504	27	325
New Mexico	1 Eta	1 5	3 39	67 467	207 169		1	8	23	429 496	13	60 198
Utah	2.0	í		128	74		1	9	L (-	29	1	15
Nevada	-	-) -	-	3	-	1	1	17	40		3
PACIFIC	1	68	287	2,741	1,999	7	109	322	733	6,643	274	3,509
Washington	1	7	102	608	540 193	1	11	14	416 49	2,439 818	76 8	605 240
California	- 1	53	180	2,029	1,199	6	88	286	263	3,193	188	2,612
Alaska	-	1 7	-	5	8		- 2	- 4	-	90	1	15
Hawaii	1	7	3	72	59	-	3	4	5	103	1	37
Guam . *	-	2		2			6		1	2		5
Puerto Rico	-	2	42	287	156	-	2	-	45	325	- W	2
Virgin Islands	-	-	3.35	-	5		2	-	-	105	-	3

*Delayed reports: Malaria: Guam 1

Measles: Me. 19, Mass. delete 12, Ala. 2 Meningococcal infections: La. delete 1 Mumps: Me. 44 Rubella: Me. 6, Ark. delete 39

TABLE III. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDING APRIL 29, 1972 AND MAY 1, 1971 (17th WEEK) — Continued

	TETANUS	TB (New	TULA	REMIA		HOID VER	TICK-1	FEVER BORNE	-	L DISEASES		IES IN MALS
AREA		Active)	4-5	Cum.		Cum.	400	Cum.	GONOR- RHEA	SYPHILIS (Pri. & Sec.)		Cum.
	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972	1972
UNITED STATES		700	2	35	4	82	1 14 10	21	13,178	534	94	1,443
NEW ENGLAND	-	34	-	-		5		-	380	16	4	56
Maine		5 1	_		_	<u> </u>		π [11 15	2	2	50
Vermont		3	1		1 2		1 2		6		2	6
Massachusetts	_	14	_	-	-	3	-	_	237	3		2007N -
Rhode Island		3	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	22	- 1		- 10
Connecticut	-	8	-			2	-	-	89	11	-	S (17)-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		143		1	3 122 1	18		3	1,966	128	2	28
Upstate New York		20	_ '		1 15	6	3 1		232	22	1	14
New York City	45	57	-	-		8	- 1	-	1,001	84	12.0	-
New Jersey		21		1	-	3	-	1	248	14		- 1000
Pennsylvania	-	45	-	-		1	-	2	485	8	1	14
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	127	143		1	10	5	104		1,252	34	3	150
Ohio .*	12	17	_	1	201	2	_	_	346	2	_	51
Indiana		37	-	-	-		- 1	-	157	6	_	40
Illinois	===	51	-	-	1.5	-	1 3 1	-	115	3	1	22
Michigan	-	38	-	+ =	1	3		-	450	20	-	35
Wisconsin	-	-	-	_				-	184	3	2	33
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	_	24	_oc.	7	0.41	3		1	754	13	35	351
Minnesota		1	-	_	1 12	-	_	_	162	2	4	84
lowa		3	-	-		-	-	-	156	8	16	95
Missouri		12	-	7	-	2	-	-	195	3	6	38
North Dakota	-	1	-	-	-	T -	_	-	30		4	60
South Dakota	1 1	2		_	_	1 1			12 87	_	1	30
Kansas	-	1	9 =			1	1 - 1	1	112	1 -	4	40
SOUTH ATLANTIC		138	-	5	L En-	9	12 =	10	2,793	169	9	124
Delaware	-	2	_	_	_	-	-	_	29	1	-	=0d1=
Maryland	=	28	-	_	-	1		-	63	2	1	2
District of Columbia	-	1	-	-	J. 3-	1		-	257	12		-
Virginia	ΠĪ	9 10	_	4		3 1	Ĩ	8 –	482	48	4 2	41 31
North Carolina		17	- E		3		_	1	15 277	11	_	31
South Carolina	_	'_	_	_	_		_	1	300	25		
Georgia	- 1	19 52	-	1	_	_ 3			419 951	27 43	2	29 21
										2		
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL Kentucky		64		2		7 2		2	939	33 10	12 5	333 111
Tennessee		16 26		1	Į.	1		1	124 437	10	6	187
Alabama		18		1				1	206	2	1	35
Mississippi	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	172	11	-	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	<u>U</u> .	44	2	16	1	6	4 4	5	2,076	55	22	307
Arkansas	-	8	1	10	-	2			503	3	2	49
Louisiana .*	4-		-	1	- 1		-		331	25		17
Oklahoma		4	1	2	1.00	1	-	3	208	-	13 7	142
Texas	_	32		3	-	3		2	1,034	27	,	99
MOUNTAIN		5	_	2	23,1	3	12	_	425	12		21
Montana	4	J - 1	-	-	1 2	-	-	1	25	-	-	
Idaho	-	2	-			-		-	34	1		-
Wyoming		1		- -	-	-	1 7 1		8	1		-
Colorado	_			1	1 5	1	Ĩ		79 108	- 6		1
Arizona .*		1 1	2 1	1		1	T T	1 2	125	4	_	20
Utah	<u>-</u>	2	_	- 1	_	1		L	32			
Nevada	-	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	14		-	
PACIFIC	-	105	-	1	2	26	-	244	2,593	74	7	73
Washington	-	4	-	-	-	× -	-	- 1	184	4		-
Oregon	<u> </u>	8 80			2	23	. 2	_	156 2,175	2 68	7	69
Alaska		7	_	1	_	-	_	- E	78	- 08		4
Hawaii	- 6	6	-		-	3	- 1	-	-	-	-	HALL E
	- 4	F 2012				-	1.	1 1			-	
Guam .* Puerto Rico	1.5	1 13	13	_	2	2	1 2	1 -	6 64	11	Ξ.	21
Virgin Islands	7 = 1	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_		_	-

*Delayed reports: Tetanus: Calif. 1 Tuberculosis: Ohio delete 1 Typhoid fever: W. Va. 1 Gonorrhea: La. delete 4, Guam 5 Rabies in animals: Ariz. 11

Week No. 17

TABLE IV. DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES FOR WEEK ENDING APRIL 29, 1972

(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

		All Causes		Pneumonia			All Causes		Pneumon
Area Area	All Ages	65 years and over	Under 1 year	and Influenza All Ages	Area	All Ages	65 years and over	Under 1 year	and Influenz All Age
Land technology		11.00		and or	SOUTH ATLANTIC	1,153	604	34	34
EW ENGLAND	655	387	15	42	Atlanta, Ga	134	62	7	
Boston, Mass.	192	93	6	10	Baltimore, Md.	237	115	3	
Bridgeport, Conn.	34	20		1	Charlotte, N. C.	59	32	2	
Cambridge, Mass.	37	28	_	7	Jacksonville, Fla.	79	45	2	-
Fall River, Mass.	26	17	_	1	Miami, Fla.	88	49	8	II Village
Hartford, Conn	40	22	1	l - 1	Norfolk, Va	61	28	1	
Lowell, Mass.	24	12	1	_	Richmond, Va.	86	43	1	40.00
Lynn, Mass.	19	11	1	_	Savannah, Ga	25	17	1	
New Bedford, Mass	32	19	1	1	St. Petersburg, Fla.	82	62	1	1.04
New Haven, Conn	53	33	_	3	Tampa, Fla	76	37	3	
Providence, R. I.	62	35	3	5	Washington, D. C.	183	89	4	
Somerville, Mass.	17	14		1	Wilmington, Del	43	25	1 -	
Springfield, Mass.	52	36	2	7					
Waterbury, Conn.	18	10	- 17	-	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	650	347	30	2
Worcester, Mass.	49	37	_	6	Birmingham, Ala.	110	57	2	. 111
		100 110		10.7	Chattanooga, Tenn	50	25	4	
DDLE ATLANTIC	3,360	2,067	83	161	Knoxville, Tenn.	38	25	-	
Albany, N. Y.	49	26	4	1	Louisville, Ky.	110	62	5	
Allentown, Pa.	28	20		2	Memphis, Tenn.	150	81	8	1.1
Buffalo, N. Y.	161	97	3	7	Mobile, Ala.	60	33	3	1000
Camden, N. J.	39	22	2	3	Montgomery, Ala.	35	17	1	
Elizabeth, N. J.	36	20	111 1 11	3	Nashville, Tenn.	97	47	7	
Erie, Pa.	52	35	AAU 11	1			100 U.N	LINE IN	No.
Jersey City, N. J.	50	36		4	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,347	697	103	5
Newark, N. J.	65	30	5	2	Austin, Tex.	60	33	2	
New York City, N. Y. †	1,714	1,044	31	80	Baton Rouge, La.	57	33	4	10.00
Paterson, N. J.	38	26	2	5	Corpus Christi, Tex.	23	15	_	1
Philadelphia, Pa.	501	318	10	12	Dallas, Tex.	165	85	9	100 THE
Pittsburgh, Pa.	240	139	11	9	El Paso, Tex.	75	38	11	1
Reading, Pa.	35	22	3	3	Fort Worth, Tex.	81	43	8	
Rochester, N. Y.	113	79	4	14	Houston, Tex.	337	142	49	
Schenectady, N. Y.	24	14		1 1	Little Rock, Ark.	58	23	5	
Scranton, Pa.	38	28	1	2	New Orleans, La.	142	74	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Syracuse, N. Y.	80	46	4	2	Oklahoma City, Okla.	65	38	3	
Trenton, N. J.	40	22	1	2	San Antonio, Tex.	130	79	9	1000
Utica, N. Y.	27	20	1	3	Shreveport, La.	67	39	1	
Yonkers, N. Y.	30	23		5	Tulsa, Okla.	87	55	2 1	1991
AST NORTH CENTRAL	2,476	1,441	105	83	MOUNTAIN	457	262	30	10
Akron, Ohio	73	45	2	-	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	36	24	1	
Canton, Ohio	42	28		4	Colorado Springs, Colo	24	13	2	
Chicago, Ill.	682	384	32	25	Denver, Colo	113	62	10	
Cincinnati, Ohio	159	102	3	5	Ogden, Utah	15	11	_	100
Cleveland, Ohio	196	103	9	2	Phoenix, Ariz.	134	79	6	
Columbus, Ohio	93	49	10	4	Pueblo, Colo.	19	13	_	250,000
Dayton, Ohio	105	49	5	2	Salt Lake City, Utah	52	26	9	
Detroit, Mich.	323	173	12	11	Tucson, Ariz.	64	34	2	10000
Evansville, Ind.	33	24	2	1					
Flint, Mich. **	50	27	3	2	PACIFIC	1,543	943	58	2
Fort Wayne, Ind.	51	31	-	2	Berkeley, Calif.	17	11	-	
Gary, Ind.	43	17	3	4	Fresno, Calif.	68	36	5	
Gland Rapids, Mich.	49	30	4	4	Glendale, Calif	27	18	-	
Indianapolis, Ind.	119	68	2	5	Honolulu, Hawaii	50	31	5	
Madison, Wis.	31	20	1	3	Long Beach, Calif	90	52	4	133
Milwaukee, Wis.	130	94	4	-	Los Angeles, Calif	406	257	10	
Peoria, III.	39	22	2	-	Oakland, Calif.	73	42	4	
Rockford, III.	33	21	3	4	Pasadena, Calif.	41	26	-	
South Bend, Ind.	58	40	1	2	Portland, Oreg.	155	102	7	
Toledo, Ohio	107	72	6	2	Sacramento, Calif.	54	30	2	
Youngstown, Ohio	60	42	1	1	San Diego, Calif.	108	62	8	200
					San Francisco, Calif	187	105	3	
ST NORTH CENTRAL	789	482	31	28	San Jose, Calif.	48	30	3	100
Des Moines, Iowa	62	40	5	2	Seattle, Wash	127	76	5	120
Duluth, Minn	27	20	-	1	Spokane, Wash	41	29	-	1.0
Kansas City, Kans	26	10	2	2	Tacoma, Wash.	51	36	2	
Kansas City, Mo	130	85	6	- 4		45 :	 		+
Lincoln, Nebr.	32	20	1	2	Total	12,430	7,230	489	46
Minneapolis, Minn.	99	58	3	6		40			
Omaha, Nebr	82	52	4	2	Expected Number	12,861	7,402	548	48
St. Louis, Mo.	227	132	8	5	Cumulative Total				100
St. Paul, Minn.	74	46	2	1	(includes reported corrections	230,458	135,772	8,743	11,09
Wichita, Kans.	30	19	-	3	for previous weeks)				
					*Mortality data are being collected	from Las Ve	gas, Nev., for	possible inclu	sion in thi
as Vegas, Nev.*	23	8	-	1	table, however, for statistical reason	ons, these data	a will be listed	only and not	included i

[†]Delayed report for week ending April 22, 1972 **Estimate based on average percent of divisional total

EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS TRANSFUSION-INDUCED MALARIA — Texas

In November 1971, two cases of transfusion-induced malaria occurred in two hospitals in Houston, Texas. The case reports are summarized below.

Case 1: On Sept. 20, 1971, a 43-year-old man was hospitalized in Houston, Texas, for an exploratory laparotomy. At the time of the operation, fibrosarcoma of the spleen was diagnosed, and a splenectomy was performed. He received 4 units of blood on September 26 and 27 and was discharged from the hospital on October 6.

On November 5, the patient was hospitalized again because of recurrent chills and fever. Peripheral blood smears demonstrated *Plasmodium malariae* infection. He was treated with chloroquine and primaquine and recovered but died of his malignancy in February 1972.

Epidemiologic investigation revealed that two of the four donors had donated blood at a commercial blood bank adjacent to a military base in Texas. One of these men could not be located. The other had returned to the United States from duty in Vietnam in June 1968. Peripheral blood smears were negative for malaria, but his serum gave the following end-point dilution titers when tested by the indirect fluorescent antibody (IFA) technique: *P. vivax* 1:16, *P. falciparum* 1:256, and *P. malariae* 1:256.

Case 2: On Oct. 26, 1971, a 74-year-old woman underwent a total hip replacement in a Houston hospital. During the operation, she received 2 units of blood and on October 30 received a third unit. On November 8, she had onset of fever, and *P. vivax* was demonstrated on a peripheral blood smear on November 11. She was treated with hydroxychloroquine and recovered.

Of the three donors, one had no known history of malaria or foreign travel and had given 17 units of blood over the past 6 years without incident. The second donor had no history of malaria or foreign travel, and a peripheral blood smear and IFA serum tests were negative for malaria. The third donor had returned from Vietnam in late October 1971 and reportedly had malaria while overseas. He donated blood at the same commercial blood bank implicated in Case 1. He has been lost to follow-up.

(Reported by Robert MacLean, M.D., Director, Communicable Disease Division, Houston City Health Department, Texas; M. S. Dickerson, M.D., Chief, Rugel F. Sowell, M.D., Medical Consultant, Communicable Disease Services, Texas State Department of Health; James Wheeler, M.D., Medical Director, Community Blood and Plasma Service, Inc., Dallas, Texas; and two EIS Officers.)

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Director, Center for Disease Control Director, Epidemiology Program, CDC Editor, MMWR Managing Editor

David J. Sencer, M.D. Philip S. Brachman, M.D. Michael B. Gregg, M.D. Susan J. Dillon

The data in this report are provisional, based on weekly telegraphs to CDC by state health departments. The reporting week concludes at close of business on Friday; compiled data on a national basis are officially released to the public on the succeeding Friday.

In addition to the established procedures for reporting morbidity and mortality, the editor welcomes accounts of interesting outbreaks or case investigations of current interest to health officials.

Address all correspondence to:

Center for Disease Control Attn: Editor Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report Atlanta, Georgia 30333

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